(INCORPORATED.) TEL. 1453. 84 EAST WASHINGTON ST.

+ Mail Orders Promptly Filled. +

Great fun at the Grocers' Picnic yesterday.

Ladies' Bicycle Race won by Miss Powell, of the MONARCH. This makes the Monarch's record one point ahead of the great Geo. Washington, who was first in war, etc., but never was first in a bicycle race. The Monarch has the bicycle race to its credit, and also was first in war on high prices, and the war is still raging with lots of ammunition on hand. Come in and get loaded.

Best Roller Process Flour, "Peer-	
less," per brl	1.25
Best new Potatoes, per bush	900
Fresh Crisp Crackers, per lb	41/20
Choice Dairy Butter, per lb	150
Pure Black Pepper, per lb	10e
Best Pickling Vinegar, per gal	200
Best Sour Pickles, per dozen	6c
Queen Olives, per quart	200
Unmatchable Crushed Java, per lb.	160
French Breakfast Coffee, per lb	200
Fine Old Rlo, fresh roasted	25c
Hoffman House Java and Mocha	350
Has no equal.	
Fresh Dressed Chickens, per lb	12c
Best Leaf Lard, per lb	100
Cones award Donn	40

FRESH MEATS—Best Quality—Lowest Prices

Sugar-cured Bacon..... 10c

Messina Lemons, per dozen..... 15c Oranges, Bananas, Peaches, etc., etc. Buttermilk Face Soap-worth 10cper cake....

# Big 4 Route WHAT THE BOARD OF MANAGERS SAYS ABOUT THE SOCIETY.

## LEIDERKRANZ

EXCURSION

LAFAYETTE, IND., and RETURN

Sunday, July 28, 1895.

Special train leaves Indianapolis 8 a. m., and returning leaves Lafayette 8 p. m. kranz Society or Big Four offices, No. 1 East Washington street, 36 Jackson place H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

## C., H. & D. R. R.

CINCINNATI AND RETURN, Sunday, July 21. special train leaves 7::0 a. m. Leaves Cincinnati, returning, 7:30 p. m. See Baltimore and Cincinnati Bail Game. See Zeological Gardens and the numerous Cincin-

PUT-IN-BAY and RETURN. Saturday, July 20, Independent Turnverein. good on 8 a. m. and 6:0 p. m. regular trains, GEC. W. HAYLER, D. P. A.

MONON ROUTE (Louisville, New Albany & Chicago Ry, Co.)

### CHICAGO SHORT LINE

LEAVE INDIANAPOLIS. No. 30—Chicago Limited, Puliman Vestibuled Coaches, Parlor and Dining Cars, daily..... 11:50 am ARRIVE AT INDIANAPOLIS.

ation, daily, except Pullman Vestibule Sleeper for Chicago stands at cat end Union Station, and can be taken at 8:30 p. m.,

For further information call at Ticket Office, No. 2 West Washington street, Union Station and Massachu-letts avenue. FRANK J. REED, G. P. A.



Drs. Coughlin & Wilson, Dentists Expert Crown and Bridge Workers. Fine Artificia Teeth. Pairless Extracting with Cocaine, Gas or Vitalized Air. Ladies' entrance (ground floor), Deni-

TRAGEDY AT CHICAGO.

Paul Balke Shoots His Mother-in-Law and Father-in-Law.

CHICAGO, July 17 .- Paul Balke shot and fatally wounded his mother-in-law, Mrs. Augusta Keil, and put two bullets into his father-in-law, Charles Keil. Balke's wife, who is now in Grand Rapids, Mich., left him some time ago because of ill treat-To-day, while under the influence of liquor, he went to the residence of his wife's parents and demanded to know where his wife was. They refused to tell him and he at once opened fire with a neart and Mr. Keil in the left wrist and in the back. Police Sergeant Lawson at-tempted to arrest Balke and the latter desperate effort to shoot the officer also. He was only overpowered after a

The New Rifle Baptized in Blood. SAN ANTONIO, Tex., July 17.—Fremont C. White, a private at Fort Sam Houston, committed suicide to-day with one of the new Krag-Jorgensen rifles recently issued to the army.

Free silver or any other kind, gold, with or without goldbugs -nickels, and coppers, and greenbacks-accepted here

## Without Debate

It isn't "What we shall use for money?" but "How can we save what money we have?" that worries most folks. Here's a suggestion or two:

Men's \$18 and \$20 Suits-\$13.85 Men's \$12 and \$15 Suits-\$8.75

All kinds of Hats at one kind of price-bottom. Summer Coats and Vests-worth \$7 to \$10-now sold at \$5.

## THE WHEN

Indianapolis College of Commerce Incorporated June 21. Capital Stock, \$12,000.

Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping, Penmanship Arithmetic, Commercial Law and Preparatory. Scholarly faculty. Actual business, from start to finish. Coolest rooms in the city. More students furnished positions than by any three other schools in the State. Elevator. Tel. 152-. Journal Building, Monument Place. Call or address the Secretary.

Claret, 20c per bottle; \$2.25 per doz. Reisling, 25c per bottle; \$2.75 per doz. Hock, 25c per bottle; \$2.75 per doz. Angelica, 25c per bottle; \$2.75 per doz. Muscatel, 25c per bottle; \$2.75 per doz. Port, 25c per bottle; \$2.75 per doz. Sherry, 25c per bottle: \$2.75 per doz. Catawba, 25c per bottle; \$2.75 per doz. Madeira, 35c per bottle; \$3.75 per doz. Tokay, 35c per bottle; \$3.75 per doz.

POWER & DRAKE, Distributors of Fine Imported and Domestic Groceries,

16 North Meridian Street.

## B. Y. P. U. CONVENTION

Denominational Meetings Preferred to the Y. P. S. C. E. Movement-Bishop Matz's Removal Asked.

BALTIMORE. July 17 .- The report of the oard of managers, to be read to-morrow Young People's Union of America, says: 'The spirit of the annual reports for the This report brings the same cheering sentiment as its key-note. No enterprise ever thirty-one States organized to-day, and we of Canada-that of the Maritime Provinces and that of Ontario and Quebec. Four years ago the wisdom of the special organization of the young people was a matter under discussion. To-day the denomination is practically a unit in favor of both the local organization of the young people and the fraternal union of their organization for the study and emphasis of this particular order of church work. A great achievement in our denominational history was won when, in 1891, this Baptist Young People's nion of America was organized. The last year has been emphatically the best of the for the movement was greatly kindled by the Toronto convention. The whole year has recorded the new impetus given to the movement. There has been great growth in the confidence in the working value of the Young People's Society as a local method. Quiet, steady work by thousands of our Baptist young people in their several so-cieties is satisfying all thoughtful people of the working value of these societies. "Progress has been made in the spirit of ederation. Our Canadian and Southern rethren were introduced to each other last year at Toronto. This year, North and South, East and West have come together in notable ways for Baptist fellowship and rence concerning home mission interests the South was 'a patch of new sky. The conference on young people's organiza-tion in the South, which met at Washington on May 9, was characterized by generous words of appreciation for the B. Y P. U. It is quite certain that this great home gathering of our American Baptist young people to sing, to pray and to confer together of our common faith and work was never more widely approved than at this time. When we consider that nearly one-third of American evangelical Christen-

dom is Baptists it is surely a grand and worthy order that we have once a year "While cherishing the kindest of senti ments toward the comprehensive movement of Christian Endeavor in its efforts to include all denominations in such meetings, we may, Levertheless, believe that the proper development of our Baptist millions imperatively demands these conventions of more specific denominational sentiment and purpose. In holding such meetings we beleve that we are planning most intelligentfor the future of the cause of Christ, as s destinies lie within our responsibility." By train and boat delegates and delegaons to the international convention of he Baptist Young People's Union of America are constantly arriving. They are com-ing thousands strong, and are keeping the reception committees busy at the depot and wharf. The crowds will continue to come until to-morrow night, when the New Brunswick, Canada. Each delegate, as he registers, is given a souvenir pro-gramme, map of Baltimore, convention song book, advertising fan, booklet guide to the city of Baltimore, and a convention badge. A lodging house is also assigned

each delegate. WANT BISHOP MATZ REMOVED.

all Priests in the Diocese Sign a Petition and Send It to Rome. NEW YORK, July 17.-Important news has been received in this country from an American churchman now in Rome concerning the resignation of Bishop Matz, of the diocese of Denver, Col., which is now pending before the Propaganda. According to this authority a strong petition has been received in Rome from the priest of the diocese of Denver setting forth reasons why Bishop Matz's resignation should be Governor Culberson has more liberal views accepted without delay and signed by thirty priests of the diocese of Denver. The signatures are headed by the vicar general of the Denver diocese and comprise those of every officer of the diocese, every member of the Bishop's council, and every diocesan priest. The petition sets forth the condi-tion of the diocese and points out the incapacity of Bishop Matz to administer it either temporally or spiritually. The same the petition at Rome the idea was cur- has been on exhibition in Warsaw. It is rent there that the only opposition to Bishp Matz arose because of nationality, the lishop being a German. This idea is now dissipated, as the petition is signed by German, French, Irish and Americans; in act, it is unanimously signed by the priests f the diocese regardless of race. This is church in America that a body of

is said to request his Holiness to send some disinterested person to Denver to investigate the allegations set out by the priests against Bishop Matz. It is not known what action will be taken either on the resignation of Bishop Matz or the letter of

Congress of Religion and Education. TORONTO, July 17.-The Panamerican congress of religion and education opens in this city to-morrow. For the evening session in Musical Hall, Friday, which will be addressed by. Archbishop Ireland, of St. Paul, and Mr. Montague, Secretary of State for Canada, more that seven thousand persons have already asked tickets. As the hall, although the largest in Toronto, affords accommodation for, at the utmost, a considerable interest would be taken in the proceedings of the congress, but the enthusiasm evinced by all classes of citizens has exceeded expectations of the most sanguine of its promoters. The trustees of will be given over for use of sections, into to arrive, and when the first session of the day. The programme bears the names of men and women whose fame has spread beyond the countries in which they live and whose work has had a world-wide in-

Endeavorers Now Sight-Seeing. PORTLAND, July 17. - Sixteen hundred Christian Endeavorers, including the Ohio and Missouri delegations, arrived here this White Mountains. In Williston Church, the birth-place of the Endeavor Society, a brief service was held, at which the Rev. W. F. McMulery, of Ohio, presided. Neal Dow, on being introduced, was greeted with a tumult of applause. He spoke for ten minutes, his remarks being confined principally to welcoming the Endeavorers to the city. At noon the delegates left for Mount Washington on a special train.

Young People's Christian Union. COLUMBUS, O., July 17 .- An important neeting was held here last night of comnstitute of the Young People's Christian Union of the United Presbyterian Church, their of two hundred voices under Prof. Lafferty, of Pittsburg, will be a feature. A low rate of half fare has been secured on railroad lines. Three thousand delegates are expected from all parts of the United States and Canada.

SPANISH COMMANDER KILLED

Colonel Santocildes Shot During Skirmish with Insurgents. HAVANA, July 17.-Captain General Campos has arrived at Bayamo, from Manzanillo. He has reconcentrated the troops in that district and is continuing operations against the insurgents.

Four hundred insurgents recently attacked manded the surrender of the garrison, but the latter made a gallant defense and the nsurgents eventually retired. No further In July there was the same proportion of cases of yellow fever and deaths. Only six persons suffering from yellow fever are in the military hospital at Havana to-day. Dispatches received here from Manzanillo ish commander, who has taken such an active part in the operation against the insurgents in Santiago De Cuba, has been killed in a skirmish which took place between Bayamo and Manzanillo. No details of the affair have yet reached here.

Arrival of a Cuban Patriot. BALTIMORE, July 17 .- Edward Yeno, a Cuban journalist, arrived here to-day on the

steamship Banes, from Port Antonio, Jamaica. He stated to the immigration authorities under oath that he was a repaper devoted to the interests of the revlutionists, and came here in their behalf. He said he was going to New York at once to strengthen in that city a favorable feeling towards the revolutionists.

### CORBETT DIVORCE CASE. Additional Testimony Given by Miss

Marie King, an Actress. NEW YORK, July 17 .- There was another hearing to-day before referee Jacobs in the suit for divorce brought by Mrs. Corbett against James J. Corbett. Miss Marie King, a member of the dramatic company with which Corbett traveled, continued her testimony as to the relations between Corbett and the woman known as Vera. Miss King related instances of a display of afa railway car. At Corning, O., she had seen upon the hotel register the entry "J. J. Corbett and wife." It was agreed between counsel that if the referee's report should be in favor of the plaintiff ali-

order that testimony might be obtained in Tickets Selling Fast.

mony should be fixed at \$109 a week. Ad-

ournment until July 26 was then taken in

DALLAS, Tex., July 17 .- At the Corbett-Fitzsimmons athletic headquarters, to-day, an order was received for 250 \$20 seats. It was accompanied by a check for \$5,000. The contract for building the Texas Collseum will be awarded to-morrow morning. It has been delayed a few days on account of sev-eral delayed bids, which claimed consideration. It is said at fight headquarters that lawyer of much standing in Texas, who has read up on the subject, who agrees with Mr. Crane in his conclusions or his citations of the facts.

Tom Winder's Wheel.

WARSAW, Ind., July 17.-For the past everal days the bleycle being used by Tom Winder in his trip around the United States a stout wheel. On the cross bar is attached a small clock, near which hangs a canteen. Under the seat is a long bundle of small repair articles, etc. A fine canopy mounted on silver plated bows attached to a plated stem runs from near the steering head The machine has the appearance of a vetpriests have risen up en masse and request-ed the Pope to remove a bishop because of his incapaicity in all particulars. The letter Mr. Winder left to-day for Minneapolis, addressed to the Pope by the Denver priests from which place he continues his trip,

going by the great lakes east to Bangor, Me., then south along the Atlantic coast and Gulf of Mexico to New Orleans, completing his great trip. A MEXICAN CHRIST.

He Is Alleged to Perform Miracles After the Manner of Jesus.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., July 17 .- Looking like an animated picture of Christ, credited with performing acts on a par with the miracles of the Son of God, Francis Schlader, who claims to have been, until two years ago, a shoemaker in Denver, has set wild the Mexicans of the Territory just to the south of this city. They are hailing him as a special disciple sent from heaven direct to them to give sight to the sightless, hearing to the deaf and to relieve them of all diseases to which the flesh is heir. To-day he is followed about by hundreds of Mexicans and Indians who pray of him that he touch their wounds and cure them of their ailments. Representatives of the best Mexican families are imploring him to best Mexican families are imploring him to enter their wagons, take their horses and go with them to their homes to cure the afflicted. The man goes, as he says, whither his Master directs, and for the services he performs he will take nothing. At Peralta Jesus Ma Volasquez, who is said to have been totally blind for three years, sees since he touched this man's hands. Juliana Sodillo, who has not moved her arms for sixteen years, was working in the fields yesterday. Scores of similar stories are told. At Sedillo, where Schlader stopped for eight days, a watch was put on him day and night, and it is asserted that he ate no food and drank but a few swallows of water.

### BIG GAINS BY TORIES

ABOUT 270 NOW ELECTED TO THE BRITISH PARLIAMENT.

Herbert Gladstone Chosen-George N Curson Also Successful-M. Stambuloff Dying.

LONDON, July 17 .- The result of to-day's polling leaves the different parties in the

The Tory wave to-day swept with great er force than ever over Great Britain. With seat, and in the bulk of cases had a hard fight to retain their seats, their majorities being again greatly reduced. The Liberals were almost wiped out in London. Out of 15 contests in the metropolis, they lost six seats. The returns from London are now complete, except Wandsworth, which will be declared to-morrow. Out of 62 members from the metropolis, 53 are Unionists and 8 Liberals. Conservative majorities have been heavy. The total Conservative gains were

The Conservatives have a majority o sixty in the new House of Commons. The most exciting contest of the day was at West Leeds, where Right Hon. Herbert Gladstone retained his seat by a greatly reduced majority against Colonel North. The figures were so nearly equal tha Colonel North asked for a recount, which elected to-day were Right Hon. George N Curson, Mr. Sidney C. Burton, Right Hon. James Lowther, Right Hon. Sir George Otto Trevelyan and Mr. Gerald Baifour. The Liberals are anxious about New Castle, which will be declared to-morrow. It is doubtful whether the Right Hon. John

The greatest excitement prevailed all day sitting candidate, and a Conservative, con tested his seat against Sir Herbert Naylor-Leyland, the Liberal candidate. Both canlidates married American ladies, who took drove about rallying their forces, and great sides wearing the favors of the rival policolors streaming from their handle and the Curzon riders formed an escort for Mr. and Mrs. Curzon, while the Naylora body guard for the purpose of cheering on their candidate. The Radicals made the most of Sir Herbert Naylor-Leyland's belated denial that he purchased his baronet cy. While a body of about 170 Liberal bi Lady Naylor-Leyland several drunken Con-servatives, wheeling a barrow painted with the Curzon colors, dashed among them and sent many of the riders sprawling right and left. A lively scrimmage followed.

There were also lively times at Leeds, especially in the west division, where Colonel North, Conservative candidate, was said to have good prospects of defeating the Liberal candidate, the Right Hon. Robert J. Gladstone, son of the Right Hon. W. E. Gladstone. Colonel North with his family and half a dozen secretaries, a number of servants and horses galore, oca clever campaigh. He pointed particularly to the humble cottage where he was born. was a firm Liberal and would stick to the old man even if every one else de-

The Times this morning gives prominence to a letter signed by Mr. St. Clair McKelway, editor of the Brooklyn Eagle, in which Mr. McKelway says he regards the elections in Great Britain as a check to socialistic tendency and thereby of value to every division of the English-speaking world. Mr. McKelway also says: "As an American newspaper man and politician permit me to say that I think the gain in the homeogenity of both parties will be great. Your majority will be responsible intelligible and indictable, if need be. As perhaps the most practical people in the world, the English nation, with conservatism as the instrumentality and the opposition as a fiail, will get eminently useful results out of the new Parliaments."

### M. STAMBULOFF DYING.

Ex-Premier of Bulgaria Cannot Recover-Ferdinand Interviewed. SOFIA. Bulgaria, July 17 .- It is doubtful whether ex-Premier Stambuloff will subvive until to-morrow. Hope has been abondaned of his recovery. The Frankfuerter Zeitung publishes an nterview which its representative had with

Prince Ferdinand, of Bulgaria, at Carlsbad. The Prince repudiated the charge that he or the Bulgarian government were aware of the intended attack upon M. Stambuloff or that they incited the plotters. Since the resignation of the government, he said, he had urged M. Stambuloff to go abroad, and he had refused. The govern-ment had then watched him and warned him not to visit certain places and not to go without an armed escort. When the committee of the Sobranje later desired that M. Stambuloff should be forbidden to leave the country. Prince Ferdinand had reluctantly consented. He thought that the assailants of the ex-Premier were Macedonians. There was no question of ussian influences in the case. The government would exert every effort to dis-cover the assailants and their inciters.

Turkey Preparing for War. CONSTANTINOPLE, July 17 .- The atempted assassination of ex-Premier Stambuleff at Sofia, Bulgaria, has caused a great sensation here and serious events in Bulgaria are looked forward to. In fact, it is predicted that the whole eastern question will be reopened. The Turks are actively constructing earth works at Mustoha Pasha, in Roumelia, and a mountain bat-tery has been dispatched to the Uskub district. Troops have been sent from Salon-

ica to quell a reported insurrection near American Woman Honored Abroad. BERLIN, July 17 .- An American lady, Miss Maltby, has obtained the degree of doctor of philosophy at the Goettingen

Charged with Taking \$250,000. has been arrested in Brooklyn upon the charge of embekzling \$250,000 from the estates of which he was the administrator. He fled from Trinidad early in 1893.

TWO PEOPLE KILLED AND EIGHT-EEN INJURED AT CINCINNATI.

Eighteen of the Mangled and Bruised Were Brave Firemen, Who Were Blinded by Smoke from Tobacco.

WAREHOUSE WALLS

AND CAUGHT THE LADDIES WHILE FIGHTING A STUBBORN FIRE.

The Flames Probably Started by Somebody Carelessly Throwing a Cigar Stump Into a Bale of Hay.

CINCINNATI, July 17.-By the falling of ne walls of a burning building this afternoon two firemen were killed and sixteen injured. Two other people were also hurt. A list of the casualties follows: CAPTAIN MICHAEL W. HEALY, fire company No. 29, killed.

THOMAS W. WISBEY, pipeman, Company 8, son of late fire chief Lew Wisbey, LIEUT. F. B. NEWMAN, Company 29, dangerously injured.
WILLIAM GRIEWE, pipeman No. 10.
CAPT. PETER PURCELL, hooks No. 7.
MARTIN M'NALLY, reel driver, Com-

pany I.

WALTER HANLON, Company 10.

BART FANNING, Look No. 1.

WILLIAM THOMPSON, hooks No. 1.

JIM HANKS, Company 4.

PIPEMAN BEN TIEPER, Company 4.

JOHN MULLEN, driver of tool wagon. TONY ANTHONY, Company 29. ENNIS DOHERTY, Company 10

J. PATTON, Company 8.
LIEUT, SAMUEL BOYD, Company 14.
THEODORE SIMPSON, bookkeeper, hip LOUIS BUSCH, aeronaut, skull frac-

J. BRADFORD, substitute. JOHN INNIS, substitute. Of the injured six are in hospitals and twelve are at their homes. All are doing well except Newman. At 2 p. m., to-day, an alarm was turned in from Box 13. A big fire had started in the five-story hay and feed warehouse of J. H. Hermesch & Co., at Water and Walnut streets. spread so as to threaten the entire square bounded by Walnut, Water, Vine and Front streets, and a general alarm soon called out the entire department. The square to-night is almost all in ashes and the flames at times come very near reaching buildings across the streets. Besides the loss of property two firemen are dead

and eighteen people are injured.

It is believed the fire originated from a match or cigar stump thrown carelessly near the hay. The warehouse went up like an explosion. Then the fire spread to Nelson Morris & Co.'s large stables, but their large warehouse stood fire proof. The adjoining commission and tobacco warehouses, however, went like piles of kindling causing such a conflagration as to threaten George O. Brown had eight thousand bags of peanuts in his commission house. They burned like oil and soon wiped out the building and stock, taking with it the large six-story tobacco warehouse of L. Seaman & Co., which was full of leaf tobacco. All the streams of water had no effect on the fire in these warehouses and the firemen exerted themselves to save other buildings. of tobacco prevented the firemen from see ing their danger. When the walls of these warehouses fell the fire spread in all directions, damaging Heymeyer Sons & Co., Western Dressed Cork Company, Henry Heile & Sons. Those burned entirely out were L. Seamans & Co., leaf tobacco, loss, \$85,000; insurance, \$70,000. George O. Brown, ing, \$3,000; insurance, \$21,000. H. L. Manning & Co. commission, eight thousand bags peanuts, \$2,600, in Brown's building. J. H. Hermesch & Co., feed and hay; J A. J. Smith's stables, Nelson Morris & Co.'s stables, Kleine & Quirk, commission Simmons & Norris, commission; Langley, Garlick & Co., river supplies; J. D. Pea-

cock, naval suplies. At half past 2 o'clock the Front street wall fell, killing two and wounding sixteen firemen as already stated. Simpson the bookkeeper, and Busch, the aeronaut,

### were injured earlier. Simpson jumped from second-story window.

Other Fires. portion of the city to-day and in a short time destroyed the store of the Vanwagner-Heney Shoe Company, Gentry Cloney's gentlemen's furnishing good house and John Walmsley's furnishing goods and tailoring establishment. The losses amount to \$60,000; the insurance half that sum. Three firemen were buried beneath falling walls, but escaped without OELWEIN, Ia., July 17.—The business portion of Altavesta, Ia. a small town on the Chicago Great Western railroad, was destroyed by fire to-day. The losses aggregating \$40,000, with insurance about \$25,-

FIVE MEN SCALDED.

Serious Explosion on the Torpede Boat Eriesson While Under Trial. NEW LONDON, Conn., July 17 .- By the bursting of a steam pipe connected with the starboard engine of the torpedo boat \$125,000; 250 first mortgage bonds, Brazos Eriesson during a speed trial to-day five River Channel and Dock Company, \$240,000; men were frightfully scalded, and it was at first thought that three of them would die. To-night the physicians in attendance annunce that they hope to save the lives of all the injured men. The men were connected with the engineers' department of the Ericsson. Their names are:

AUSTIN WILLIAMS, engineer, New JOSEPH HAMILTON, junior engineer. WILLIAM MERWIN, machinist, Du-JACOB STRINGSK, engineer, Dubuque, DAVID CODY, engineer, Jersey City, things mentioned in the demand, were not

The accident occurred while the Ericsson was between Bartlett's reef and Cornfield light. The injured men were brought to the Marine Hospital in this city by the lighthouse steamer Cactus, which happened to be near, and their wounds were dressed. They were then transferred to the Bacon House, where they now lie under the care of physicians. The torpedo boat left the harbor at about

the sound. It was not intended to cover the course laid out for the official trial. but merely to make a run of two miles under trial conditions. On board, in addition to the crew, were Lieutenant Usher. of the United States navy, and Assistant Superintendent Hopkins, of the Iowa iron works, at which the Ericcson was built. who is here in charge of the vessel. The Ericsson was proceeding under favorable conditions and gradually increasing her power until the speed should fulfill trial conitions. She had reached the rate of twenty-eight knots an hour, and was pushed toward a twenty-nine knot speed when, without warning, an explosion occurred which shook the entire craft. sounded from the direction of the engine room, and a volume of steam, which began pouring out of the hatchway, together with

pushed their way blindly out of the engine room and fell writhing in agony upon the deck. They were actually broiled, the high pressure having burst one of the immense hot-water pipes, and the men had been covered with the scalding water. The skin was peeling from their faces, necks and arms. They wore only thin shirts about the waist, and their bodies, from the waist up, were terribly scalded. Steam was shut off as soon as possible, and the men were tenderly taken to the main deck.

The light-house tender Cactus happened to be near at hand, and she was signaled to for assistance. She immediately came alongside and the men were placed on board. side and the men were placed on board. The Cactus made all haste to this city, touching at the first wharf she could make. and the injured men were taken in charge by Port Surgeon Crofton and Dr. J. E. Keller. Neither of the men could give any information as to how the accident occurred. All they knew is that there was a loud explosion and that they were suddenly enveloped in a cloud of scalding steam and a deluge of boiling water, which nearly burned them to death before they could reach the open air.

DOWN WITH THE BRIDGE. Freight Train Wreeked and Several

People Reported Killed.

MONUMENT, Col., July 17 .- The local freight on the Santa Fe road fell through the bridge at this place to-day, burying beneath the wreck Mrs. Albert Cooper and a number of the Santa Fe bridge gang, who were rebuilding the bridge. The number of killed is unknown, as twenty cars are piled promiscuously on top of the victims. As near as can be learned, a local freight, loaded heavily with lumber and stone, passed over the bridge at 11 a. m. As the engine neared the south end the workmen underenath saw the bridge rock and shout-ed an alarm to their comrades. Before the danger could be realized, the engine and twenty cars came crashing through, burying those who could not get out of the way beneath the rushing weight. Mrs. Albert Cooper, wife of the engineer of the bridge gang, was sitting in a shady place under the bridge. Her husband shouted to her but the points of the train drawned. to her, but the noise of the train drowned his voice, and it is certain that she is in the wreck. Citizens of Monument are working heroically to clear away the debris. There were about twenty men in the bridge gang, and it is believed ten or twelve are under the wreck. These must certainly have been killed. The engineer escaped, but the fireman, conductor and brakemen fifteenth century, and especially up to the discovery of America, 1492. He read that statement without its having been called out at all by me. I had not attacked that part of his book. But he made such an went down with the wreck. The bridge was fifty feet high and about 200 feet long.

Nine Miners Entombed.

IRON MOUNTAIN, Mich., July 17 .- Nine miners are imprisoned in a room in the first level of the Pewabic mine, and the chances that history leaves him in as bad condiare that some of them will be taken out tion in this regard as it does in regard to dead. An immense cave of rock and timber | the bulk of the statements in 'Coin's Finandeath. A large rescue crew is at work, but it ore and timber will have to be excavated, pened at this mine some years ago and was mpossible to learn the name of all the entombed men, but Stephen Bowden, Fred Webb and John Johnson are among the number. Information has just come up from the mine to the effect that some of the men are alive, communication having been established by hammering on the pipe which supplies the room with air. Mine officials are confident that the men will be found uninjured. Five of the men are Italians, two Cornishmen and two Scandinavians.

Boat Capsized and Woman Drowned. MAZOMANIE, Wis., July 17.-A small excursion steamer be me disabled in the river to-day and was swept under an overhanging tree, which capsized her, throw-ing its occupants into the water. Aaron Pasman and two ladies were rescued in an exhausted condition. Miss Nellie Kerr

Fatal Freight Wreck. MORRISTOWN, Pa., July 17 .- Brakeman Kilsender was killed and conductor Reese probably fatally injured in a freight train wreck on the Pennsylvania Railroad near here to-day. The wreck was caused by the train parting. Fourteen cars were demol-

## MISPLACED

J. V. FARWELL & CO. ASKED TO TURN UP \$12,840,000 IN SECURITIES,

Said to Have Been Fraudulently Transferred by the Defunct Potter,

Lovell & Co., of Boston.

CHICAGO, July 17 .- John Brooks and George D. Bullen, assignees of Potter, Lovell & Co., to-day filed a bill of discovery against the firm of J. V. Farwell & Co., of this city, asking that the firm be compelled to account for \$12,840,000 of securities which it is alleged were fraudulently transferred on the eve of the as-

signment of Potter, Lovell & Co., in Au-

Potter, Lovell & Co. were stock brokers, with a capital of \$400,000, and at the time of their failure they had assets of \$2,000,000, SEDALIA, Mo., July 17.-In some un- and liabilities of \$4,000,000. A few days before the failure, it is alleged in the bill, securities valued at \$5,000,000 were taken from the firm and secreted. Potter, Lovell & Co. did a brokerage business with the Farwell Company, and John V. Farwell was a stockholder in the firm of Potter, Lovell & Co., from Jan. 1 to Aug. 27, 1890. It is aleged that before the failure the firm frauddently appropriated \$500,000 of other peo-ole's money and pledged \$500,000 more. It is claimed that the Farwells were cognizant of these transactions, It is also alleged that the transfer of a large number of securities was made to the firm of Farwell & Co., and that John T. Chumasero, a partner of John V. Farwell, carried these securities out of the State of Massachusetts. The securities said to have been taken are: Five notes of C. W. Clement, trustee, \$50,000 each, or \$250,000; 1,400 shares of stock in Worcester steel works, \$140,000; 750 first mortgage bonds, Gogebic Development Com-pany, \$750,000; 5,000 shares stock in same, 60 bonds Gogebic Development Company \$750,000; 278,000 shares in same, \$9,460,000; 11,125 bonds Gogebic Development Company, \$1,125,000. The suit was filed in the United States Court. Charles F. Harding, attorney for John V. Farwell & Co., made the following statement regarding the suit:
"In the fall of 1890 Petter, Lovell & Co. were owing the John V. Farwell Company a considerable amount of money and had been owing it to them for a long time. Perhaps a year before they failed, Potter, Lovell & Co. gave the John V. Farwell Company a collateral note for the debt and deposited to secure it, some of the bonds or stocks which are the subject of this sult. Many of the stocks and bonds, and other

> seen the bill as filed, but understand its object is to recover back under the in-solvency laws of Massachusetts, securities given immediately before insolvency pro-ceedings were had in the Potter, Lovell & rovides that the transfer of any securities within six months of insolvency is a fraud-ulent transfer and the securities can be recovered for the benefit of the creditors of the insolvent. The basis of this suit, except in so far as it is charged that John V. Farwell was a director of Potter, Lovell & Co. up to the time of failure and the allegation of the appropriation of funds belonging to other persons, is this statute. The John V. Farwell Company claims that such of the securities as it ever had were transferred to it about a year before the insolvency proceedings, and hence do not come within the statute. The complainants maintain on the other hand that the re-

deposited with us and never have been

with us. Some days before the failure this

collateral note was renewed and the same

curities were again set out in the new

ote. These securities consisted of a large

amount, at par value of Gogebic stocks and

onds, Worcester steel stocks, Brazos

Shot Himself Through the Head. HOT SPRINGS, Ark., July 17 .- Thomas Radeliff, a well-known liquor dealer of this city, and who was known throughout the country, committed suicide yesterday morn-

the insolvency proceedings was a new transaction and bring it within the stat

SECOND INSTALLMENT OF THE HORR-HARVEY DUEL OF WORDS.

Outsiders Take a Hand in the Contest and Fire a Few Questions

### ARGUMENT OF PRINCIPLES

at the Speakers.

"COIN" NOT ANXIOUS TO DISCUSS THE UNIT QUESTION.

He Immediately Tackles the "Crime 1873" and His Opponent Replies-Text of the Debate,

(Copyright by Azel F. Hatch, 1895.) CHICAGO, July 17 .- The Harvey-Horr iel to-day developed into a general engagement, representatives of Philadelphia, Kansas City and Cleveland and elsewhere pitching into the scrimmage after the two principals had hacked each other up to the limit. The outsiders who ventured into the fight included H. L. Bliss, O. B. Gunn

The hostilities of the day began by Mr. Horr remarking in a pointed manner that Mr. Harvey "read an essay here yesterday upon the condition of the world during the fifteenth century, and especially up to the

Continuing, Mr. Horr quoted Professor Thorold Rogers, Hallam, Leber, Malthus, before 1492, and that of the feudal aristocracy, with its tyranny, was crumbling to a fall." Mr. Horr said: "Mr. Harvey and his free silver friends identify prosperity and the progress of man with the lot of the feudal nobility of Europe and not with that of the toilers. Rogers as well as Hallam speaks of the gradual elevation of the people themselves as opposed to the small number of the rich and the nobles. Later I shall show that in his treatment of the present, as of the past, Mr. Harvey stands as the exponent of the rich and not of the toilers, whose welfare should first be considered by the legislation of the State.

HARVEY EXPLAINS.

Mr. Harvey replied: "When I volun-

teered to explain the preface to the 'school' yesterday, without waiting for it to be attached, because gold-standard papers all over the United States had charged that it was a forgery, that no such quotation as port of any monetary commission or any other official document, I read from the report of the United States monetary commission of 1876, not for the purpose of enmy of the year 1400 to 1500, but simply show that all of my friends from New York and elsewhere who had accused me of forargue with Mr. Horr that the monetary together words that would convince an ting higher prices now than he was in 187. I would expect him to convince a crown that they were falling, and that labor they were working as the serfs of the le of Europe. Dr. Adam Smith, an able his-torian, whose work I put into Mr. Horr's here, Now I proceed: Thus far we have value in our monetary system fixed by eliminating the doubt that has existed these two points in the roduced by misrepresentations. those advocating the gold standard. The reading of the debate thus far settles these two questions in favor of the book we are

Mr. Horr-The matter we were taking about when we closed last night was the question whether the framers of the bill of 1792 intended to establish two measures of value. Mr. Harvey criticised Judge Vincent for having decided that case in his remarks yesterday, but very tamely, in comparison with the statements which he ma bout him in print soon after he made the decision; he even called him dishonest in that criticism. Now, Judge Vincent is a reputable citizen, I take it, of Chicago. Some private individuals submitted a question to him, and he decided it as he honestly believed was right, and there is this peculiarity about it—it is right. (Laughter.) Here is what Judge Vincent decided: It is undoubtedly true that the miliad dollar, as it was then current, was the starting-point and the number of grains that compose a gold dollar was ascertained by lividing the number of grains in the silver dollar by fifteen. But this does not alter the fact that the units were expressed in gold and silver. On the contrary, it seel to show that both were made units value. The word unit was employed as the equivalent of dollar, and the dollar was to consist of either one of two different things-one-tenth part of 207% grains gold or 371% grains of silver-just as equa values may be embodied in given weights o any two given commodities, such as wheat or corn. A unit of value is the unit in both of gold and silver are expressed in the act of 1791, so we have two units of value. We have two units of value. If both had not been so expressed we could not have bimetallism." Mr. Horr also quoted ex-Director of the Mint E. O. Leech, that the laws authorize both a gold-dollar unit and a silver-dollar unit, different from each other in intrinsic value. That was the reason he (Leech) proposed the law of 1872

HORR ACCUSED OF TWISTING. Mr. Harvey-Yesterday, at the close, after had quoted as authority for siver being the unit the statute itself, the utterances of Secretary Gallatin, a decision by Chief Justice Chase, of the Supreme Court of the United States, and other numerous authorities, including Roswell G. Horr, of New York, Mr. Horr then admitted that something back into the discussion by which we are to believe him as saying one thing yesterday and something else today. I leave him to such fate as the readlism, the relation of silver and gold, the subject up. When we get there we will see that neither Mr. Horr nor Judge Vinsee that neither Mr. Horr nor Judge Vincent knows what bimetallism is, and many things that he is now mixed up on will then be cleared and Mr. Horr will be even a babe. (Applause.) We agreed to take up the subject of demonetization, the act of 1873, in to-day's debate, and, having waited

ers of this debrte think proper. tApp newal of the note only a few days before for him to begin and he not be will start. (Applause.)
Mr. Horr I beg parden, you